		Fl	ux TK83	
Creati	on date	06. January 2010		
Revisi	on date	20. March 2018	Version	1.04
SECT	ON 1: Identificati	on of the substance/mixture	and of the company/ur	ndertaking
1.1.	Product identifie	er	Flux TK83	
	Substance / mixtu	ire	mixture	
L <b>.2.</b>	Relevant identif	ied uses of the substance or	mixture and uses advise	ed against
	mixture's intended	d use	Flux agent.	
	Disapproved uses	of mixture	The product shou referred in Section	uld not be used in ways other then those on 1.
1.3.	Details of the su	pplier of the safety data she	et	
	Manufacturer			
	Name or tra	de name	AG TermoPasty (	Grzegorz Gąsowski
	Address		Kolejowa 33 E, S	Sokoły, 18-218
			Poland	
	Identificatio	n number (ID)	200133730	
	VAT Reg No		9661767714	
	Phone		862741342	
	E-mail		biuro@termopas	ty.pl
	Web addres	S	www.termopasty	v.pl
	Competent perse	on responsible for the safety	data sheet	
	Name		AG TermoPasty (	Grzegorz Gąsowski
	E-mail		biuro@termopas	ty.pl
L.4.	Emergency telep	phone number		
	National Health Se			
	National poisoning	information centre Scotland, N	HS 24: 111	
SECTI	ON 2: Hazards ide	entification		
2.1.		xture classification		

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

#### Most serious adverse physico-chemical effects

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

### Most serious adverse effects on human health and the environment

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## 2.2. Label elements



#### Signal word Danger

Hazardous substances

isopropanol rosin; colophony benzoic acid



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

# .....

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Hazard statemen	ts		
H225	Highly flammable liquid ar	nd vapour.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin	reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damag	je.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or o	dizziness.	
H373	May cause damage to orga	ans through prolonged or re	peated exposure.
Precautionary sta	atements		
P210	Keep away from heat, hot smoking.	surfaces, sparks, open flam	es and other ignition sources. No
P260	Do not breathe vapours.		
P280	Wear protective gloves.		
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautious present and easy to do. Co	•	nutes. Remove contact lenses, if
P310	Immediately call a doctor.		
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use powde	r extinguisher/sand/carbon	dioxide to extinguish.
2.2 Other haranda			

#### 2.3. **Other hazards**

Mixture does not contain any substance meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures 3.2.

## **Chemical characterization**

Mixture of substances and additives specified below.

#### Mixture contains these hazardous substances and substances with the highest permissible concentration in the working environment

Identification numbers	Substance name	Content in % weight	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Note.
Index: 603-117-00-0 CAS: 67-63-0 EC: 200-661-7	isopropanol	<85	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	
Index: 650-015-00-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 EC: 232-475-7	rosin; colophony	20-25	Skin Sens. 1, H317	
Index: 607-705-00-8 CAS: 65-85-0 EC: 200-618-2	benzoic acid	<5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT RE 1, H372	
Index: 607-144-00-9 CAS: 124-04-9 EC: 204-673-3	adipic acid	<5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	

Full text of all classifications and hazard statements is given in the section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. **Description of first aid measures**

Take care of your own safety. If any health problems are manifested or if in doubt, inform a doctor and show him information from this safety data sheet. If unconscious, put the person in the stabilized (recovery) position on his side with his head slightly bent backwards and make sure that airways are free; never induce vomiting. If the person vomits by himself, make sure that the vomit is not inhaled. In life threatening conditions first of all provide resuscitation of the affected person and ensure medical assistance. Respiratory arrest - provide artificial respiration immediately. Cardiac arrest - provide indirect cardiac massage immediately.

### Inhalation

Terminate the exposure immediately; move the affected person to fresh air. Protect the person against growing cold. Provide medical treatment if irritation, dyspnoea or other symptoms persist.

#### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Wash the affected area with plenty of water, lukewarm if possible. Soap, soap solution or shampoo should be used if there is no skin injury. Provide medical treatment if skin irritation persists. Rinse skin with water/shower.



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#### Eye contact

Rinse eyes immediately with a flow of running water, open the eyelids (also using force if needed); remove contact lenses immediately if worn by the affected person. No neutralization should be performed in any case! Rinsing should be continued for 10-30 minutes from the inner to the outer eye corner to make sure that the other eye is not involved. Depending on the situation, call medical rescue service or ensure medical treatment as promptly as possible. Everyone must be referred for treatment even if affected only a little.

#### Ingestion

Rinse out the mouth with clean water. In the event of issues, find medical help.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Inhalation

Inhaling vapours can cause corrosion of the breathing system. Cough, headache. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Skin contact** 

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Ingestion

Corrosion of the digestion system can occur.

**4.3.** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Symptomatic treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water spray jet, water mist.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water - full jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other toxic gases may arise. Inhalation of hazardous degradation (pyrolysis) products may cause serious health damage.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use a self-contained breathing apparatus and full-body protective clothing. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Closed containers with the product near the fire should be cooled with water. Do not allow run-off of contaminated fire extinguishing material to enter drains or surface and ground water.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Provide sufficient ventilation. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Remove all ignition sources. Use personal protective equipment for work. Follow the instructions in the Sections 7 and 8. Do not inhale aerosols. Prevent contact with skin and eyes.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent contamination of the soil and entering surface or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product should be covered with suitable (non-flammable) absorbing material (sand, diatomaceous earth, earth and other suitable absorption materials); to be contained in well closed containers and removed as per the Section 13. In the event of leakage of the substantial amount of the product, inform fire brigade and other competent bodies. After removal of the product, wash the contaminated site with plenty of water. Do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See the Section 7, 8 and 13.



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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling 7.1.

Prevent formation of gases and vapours in flammable or explosive concentrations and concentrations exceeding the occupational exposure limits. The product should be used only in the areas where it is not in contact with open fire and other ignition sources. Use non-sparking tools. Use of antistatic clothes and footwear is recommended. Do not inhale aerosols. Prevent contact with skin and eyes. No smoking. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use personal protective equipment as per Section 8. Observe valid legal regulations on safety and health protection. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in tightly closed containers in cold, dry and well ventilated areas designated for this purpose. Do not expose to sunlight. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. HDPE, PP, PCW

Packaging type

#### The specific requirements or rules relating to the substance/mixture

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and accumulate especially near the floor where they may form an explosive mixture with the air.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Store in tightly closed containers in a cool, dry place intended for this purpose.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. **Control parameters**

## United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Substance name (component)	Туре	Time of exposure	Value	Note	Source	
	WEL	8 hours	999 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
isopropopol (CAS, 67,62,0)	WEL	15 minutes	1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		GBR	
isopropanol (CAS: 67-63-0)	WEL	8 hours	400 ppm			
	WEL	15 minutes	500 ppm			
rosin; colophony (CAS: 8050-	WEL	8 hours	0,05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Capable of causing occupational asthma.	CRD	
09-7)	WEL	15 minutes	0,15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Capable of causing occupational asthma.	GBR	

#### DNEL

#### isopropanol

Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method
Workers	Dermal	888 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects	
Workers	Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Dermal	319 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Inhalation	89 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Oral	26 mg/kg	Systemic chronic effects	
rosin; colophony	•			
Workers / consumers	Route of exposure	Value	Effect	Determining method
Workers	Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects	
Workers	Inhalation	176.32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Oral	15 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Dermal	15 mg/kg bw/day	Systemic chronic effects	
Consumers	Inhalation	52.174 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Systemic chronic effects	



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DNEG				

PNEC

isopropanol

Route of exposure	Value	Determining method
Drinking water	140.9 mg/l	
Seawater	140.9 mg/l	
Freshwater sediment	552 mg/kg	
Sea sediments	552 mg/kg	
Soil (agricultural)	28 mg/kg	
rosin; colophony		
Route of exposure	Value	Determining method
Drinking water	0.005 mg/l	
Seawater	0.0005 mg/l	
Freshwater sediment	108 mg/kg of dry substance	
Sea sediments	10.8 mg/kg of dry substance	
Soil (agricultural)	21.4 mg/kg of dry substance	
Microorganisms in wastewater treatment plants	1000 mg/l	

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Follow the usual measures intended for health protection at work and especially for good ventilation. This can be achieved only by local suction or efficient general ventilation. If exposure limits cannot be observed in this mode, suitable protection of airways must be used. Do not eat, drink and smoke during work. Wash your hands thoroughly with water and soap after work and before breaks for a meal and rest.

#### Eye/face protection

Protective goggles or face shield (based on the nature of the work performed).

#### Skin protection

Hand protection: Protective gloves resistant to the product. When choosing appropriate thickness, material and permeability of the gloves, observe recommendations of their particular manufacturer. Observe other recommendations of the manufacturer. Other protection: protective workwear. Contaminated skin should be washed thoroughly.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Halfmask with a filter against organic vapours or a self-contained breathing apparatus as appropriate if exposure limit values of substances are exceeded or in a poorly ventilated environment.

#### **Thermal hazard**

Not available.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Observe usual measures for protection of the environment, see Section 6.2.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Information on basic physical and chemical pr	operties
Appearance	liquid
Physical state	liquid at 20°C
color	brown
Odour	containing alcohol
Odour threshold	data not available
рН	data not available
Melting point/freezing point	data not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	data not available
Flash point	data not available
Evaporation rate	data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	data not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
flammability limits	data not available
explosive limits	data not available

9.1.



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	Vapour pressure		data not available		
	Vapour density		data not available		
	Relative density		data not available		
	Solubility(ies)				
	solubility in w	ater	data not available		
	solubility in fa	ats	data not available		
	Partition coefficie	nt: n-octanol/water	data not available		
	Auto-ignition tem	iperature	data not available		
	Decomposition te	emperature	data not available		
	Viscosity		data not available		
	Explosive proper	ties	data not available		
	Oxidising propert	ies	data not available		
9.2.	Other information	ion			
	Density		0.86 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20	°C	
	ignition temperat	ure	data not available		
	solid content (dry	/ matter)	24 % volume		

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1. Reactivity
  - not available
- 10.2. Chemical stability
  - The product is stable under normal conditions.
- **10.3.** Possibility of hazardous reactions Unknown.
- 10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable and no degradation occurs under normal use. Protect against flames, sparks, overheating and against frost.

**10.5.** Incompatible materials Protect against strong acids, bases and oxidizing agents.

#### **10.6.** Hazardous decomposition products Not developed under normal uses. Dangerous outcomes such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide are formed at high temperature and in fire.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

No toxicological data is available for the mixture.

#### Acute toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### isopropanol

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	5840 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	
Dermal	LD50	13900 mg/kg		Rabbit	
Inhalation	LC50	25000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	

#### rosin; colophony

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	2800 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	



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rosin; colophony

Route of exposure	Parameter	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Sex
Oral	LD50	>1000-<2000 mg/kg		Guinea-pig (Cavia aperea f. porcellus)	
Dermal	LD50	>2000 mg/kg		Rat (Rattus norvegicus)	

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Toxicity for specific target organ - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Toxicity for specific target organ - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Aspiration hazard

Inhalation of solvent vapors above values exceeding exposure limits for working environment may result in acute inhalation poisoning, depending on the level of concentration and exposure time. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### Acute toxicity

Data for the mixture are not available.

isopropanol

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environme nt	Source
EC50		1800 mg/l	7 day	Algae		
LOEC		10000 mg/l	48 hour	Daphnia magna		

rosin; colophony

Parameter	Method	Value	Time of exposure	Species	Environme nt	Source
LC50	OECD 203	60.3 mg/l	96 hour	Branchydanio rerio		Scheerba um D

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability



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Not available.				
12.3. Bioaccumulat	ive potential			

# Not available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not contain any substance meeting the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with the Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended.

# **12.6.** Other adverse effects

Not available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Hazard of environmental contamination; dispose of the waste in accordance with the local and/or national regulations. Proceed in accordance with valid regulations on waste disposal. Any unused product and contaminated packaging should be put in labelled containers for waste collection and submitted for disposal to a person authorised for waste removal (a specialized company) that is entitled for such activity. Do not empty unused product in drainage systems. The product must not be disposed of with municipal waste. Empty containers may be used at waste incinerators to produce energy or deposited in a dump with appropriate classification. Perfectly cleaned containers can be submitted for recycling.

## Legislation of waste

Council Directive 75/442/EEC on waste, as amended. Decree No. 383/2001 Coll., on details regarding waste handling as amended. Decree No. 93/2016 Coll., (waste catalogue) as amended. Decision 2000/532/EC establishing a list of wastes, as amended.

#### Waste type code

11 05 04 spent flux \*

#### Packaging waste type code

15 01 10 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances (\*) - Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC on hazardous waste

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

- UN 1219
- 14.2. UN proper shipping name ISOPROPANOL
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
  - 3 Flammable liquids

## 14.4. Packing group

- II substances presenting medium danger
- 14.5. Environmental hazards

not available

14.6. Special precautions for user

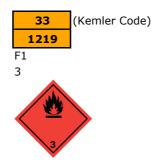
Reference in the Sections 4 to 8.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code not available

#### Additional information

Hazard identification No.

UN number Classification code Safety signs





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Air transport	- ICAO/IATA					
Packaging	instructions passenger	361				
Cargo pao	kaging instructions	364				
Marine trans	port - IMDG					
EmS (em	ergency plan)	F-E, S-D				
MFAG		305				

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18th December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing the European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No. 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No. 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, as amended. Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16th December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, as amended. The Act No. 350/2011 Coll., on Chemical Substances and Chemical Preparations as amended (the Chemical Act). Decree No. 432/2003 Coll., laying down conditions for assigning categories to individual jobs, limit values of indices from biological exposure tests, conditions for the sampling of biological materials for biological exposure and the particulars of the reports on work with asbestos and biological agents as amended.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

not available

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

A list of standard r	risk phrases used in the safety data sheet
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Guidelines for safe	e handling used in the safety data sheet
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe vapours.
P280	Wear protective gloves.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a doctor.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use powder extinguisher/sand/carbon dioxide to extinguish.
Other important in	formation about human health protection
	ot be - unless specifically approved by the manufacturer/importer - used for purposes other than . The user is responsible for adherence to all related health protection regulations.
Key to abbreviatio	ns and acronyms used in the safety data sheet
ADR	European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substance and mixtures
DNEL	Derived no-effect level
EC	Identification code for each substance listed in EINECS
EC50	Concentration of a substance when it is affected 50% of the population
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency plan
EU	European Union



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IATA	International Air Transport Association				
IBC	International Code For The Construction And Equipmen Chemicals	nt of Ships Carrying Dangerous			
IC50	Concentration causing 50% blockade				
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization				
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods				
INCI	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients				
ISO	International Organization for Standardization				
IUPAC	International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry				
LC50	Lethal concentration of a substance in which it can be population	expected death of 50% of the			
LD50	Lethal dose of a substance in which it can be expected	death of 50% of the population			
LOAEC	Lowest observed adverse effect concentration				
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level				
log Kow	Octanol-water partition coefficient				
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution	n From Ships			
NOAEC	No observed adverse effect concentration				
NOAEL	No observed adverse effect level				
NOEC	No observed effect concentration				
NOEL	No observed effect level				
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limits				
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic				
PNEC	Predicted no-effect concentration				
ppm	Parts per million				
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction	of Chemicals			
RID	Agreement on the transport of dangerous goods by rai	il			
UN	Four-figure identification number of the substance or a Regulations	article taken from the UN Model			
UVCB	Substances of unknown or variable composition, comp materials	lex reaction products or biological			
VOC	Volatile organic compounds				
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative				
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage				
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation				
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid				
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation				
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization				
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure				
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure				
Training guide	elines sonnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory prot	active equinment first aid and probib			
	sonner about the recommended ways of use, manualory Drot	ective equiprilent, first and and Droffic			

Inform the personnel about the recommended ways of use, mandatory protective equipment, first aid and prohibited ways of handling the product.

# Recommended restrictions of use

not available

#### Information about data sources used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

REGULATION (EC) No. 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL (REACH) as amended. REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as amended. The Act No. 350/2011 Coll., on Chemical Substances and Chemical Preparations as amended. First aid principles after the exposure to the chemicals (Zásady pro poskytování první pomoci při expozici chemickým látkám, doc. MUDr. Daniela Pelclová, CSc., MUDr. Alexandr Fuchs, CSc., MUDr. Miroslava Hornychová, CSc., MUDr. Zdeňka Trávníčková, CSc., Jiřina Fridrichovská, prom. chem.). Data from the manufacturer of the substance / mixture, if available - information from registration dossiers.

### The changes (which information has been added, deleted or modified)

General update



according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) as amended

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#### Statement

The safety data sheet provides information aimed at ensuring safety and health protection at work and environmental protection. The provided information corresponds to the current status of knowledge and experience and complies with valid legal regulations. The information should not be understood as guaranteeing the suitability and usability of the product for a particular application.