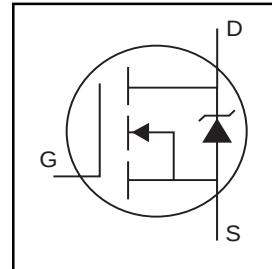


IRF1010N

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- Fully Avalanche Rated

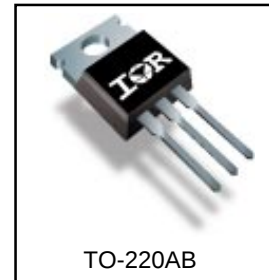


$V_{DS} = 55V$
$R_{DS(on)} = 11m\Omega$
$I_D = 85A\text{⑦}$

Description

Advanced HEXFET® Power MOSFETs from International Rectifier utilize advanced processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. This benefit, combined with the fast switching speed and ruggedized device design that HEXFET power MOSFETs are well known for, provides the designer with an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of applications.

The TO-220 package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 watts. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220 contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.



TO-220AB

Absolute Maximum Ratings

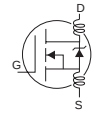
	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	85⑦	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$	60	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	290	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	180	W
	Linear Derating Factor	1.2	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	43	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	18	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	3.6	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300 (1.6mm from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	0.85	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient	—	62	

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	55	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.058	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	11	m Ω	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 43A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	32	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 43A$ ④
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 55V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 44V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	120	nC	$I_D = 43A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	19		$V_{DS} = 44V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	—	41		$V_{GS} = 10V$, See Fig. 6 and 13
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	13	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 28V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	76	—		$I_D = 43A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	39	—		$R_G = 3.6\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	48	—		$V_{GS} = 10V$, See Fig. 10 ④
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	3210	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	690	—		$V_{DS} = 25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	140	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$, See Fig. 5
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy②	—	1030⑤	250⑥		$I_{AS} = 4.3A, L = 270\mu H$



Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	85⑦	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode)①	—	—	290		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 43A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	69	100	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 43A$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	220	230	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11)

② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 270\mu H$
 $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 43A$, $V_{GS} = 10V$ (See Figure 12)

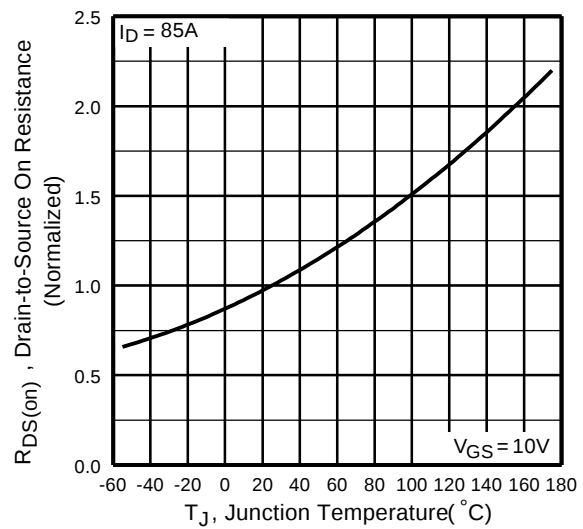
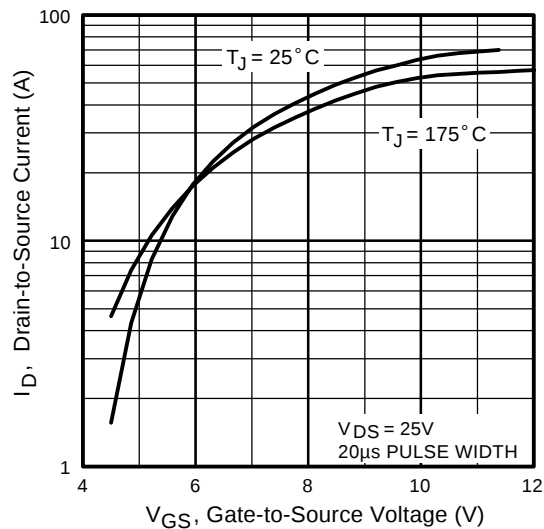
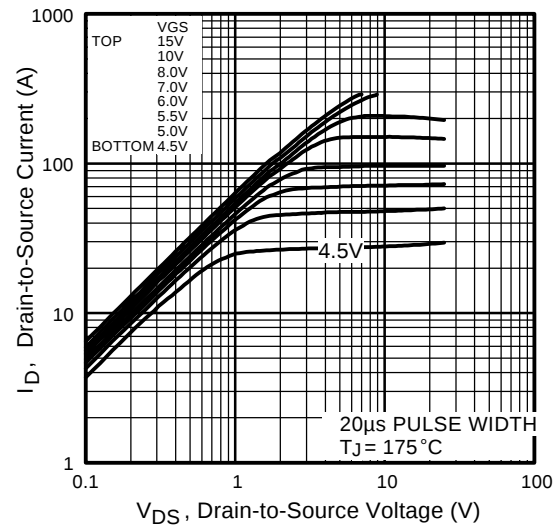
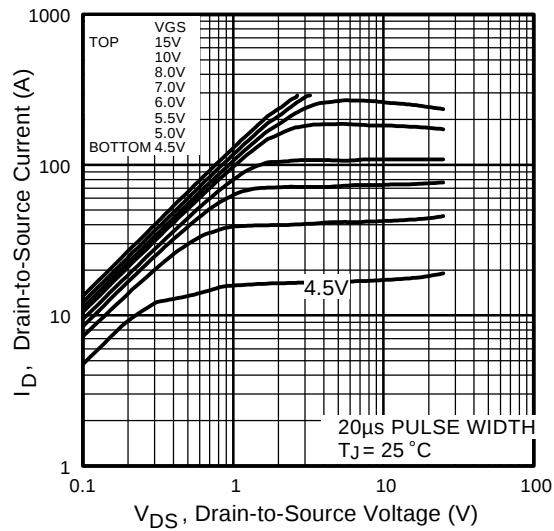
③ $I_{SD} \leq 43A$, $di/dt \leq 210A/\mu s$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$,
 $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$

④ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

⑤ This is a typical value at device destruction and represents operation outside rated limits.

⑥ This is a calculated value limited to $T_J = 175^\circ\text{C}$.

⑦ Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Package limitation current is 75A.



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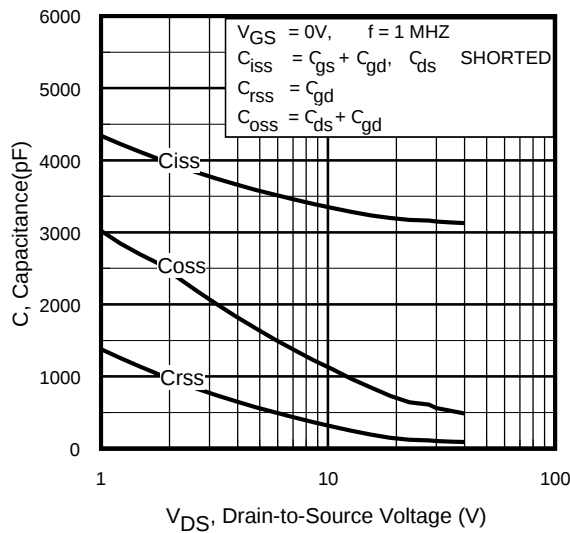


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

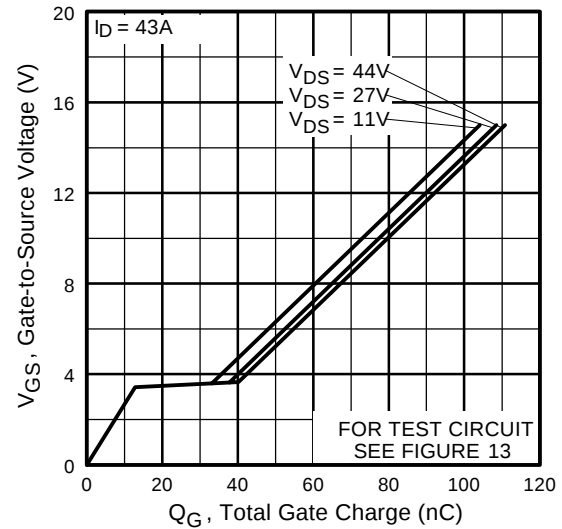


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

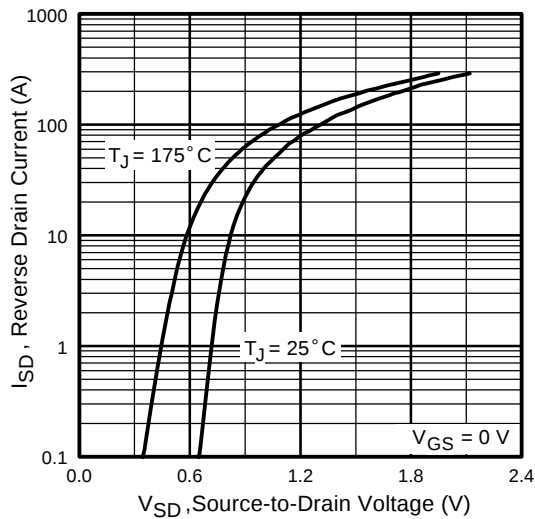


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

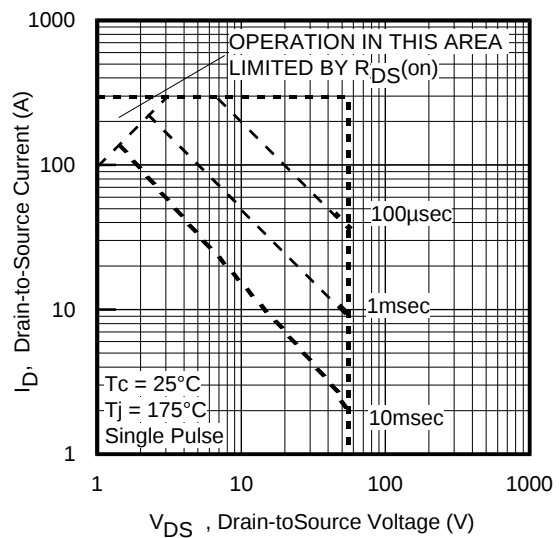


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

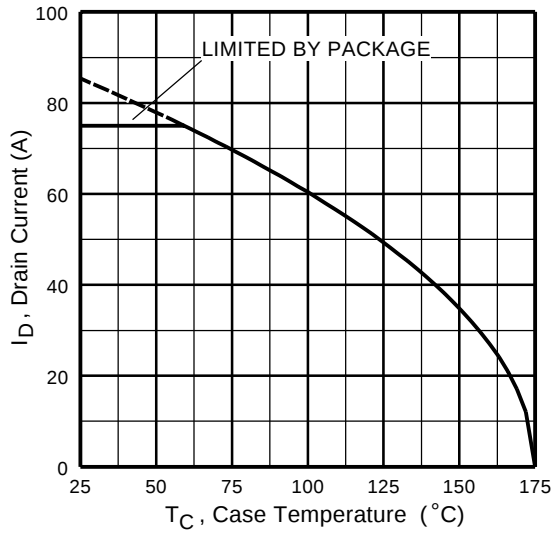


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

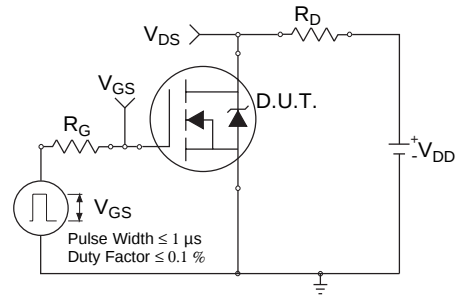


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

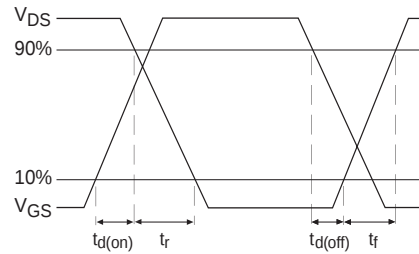


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

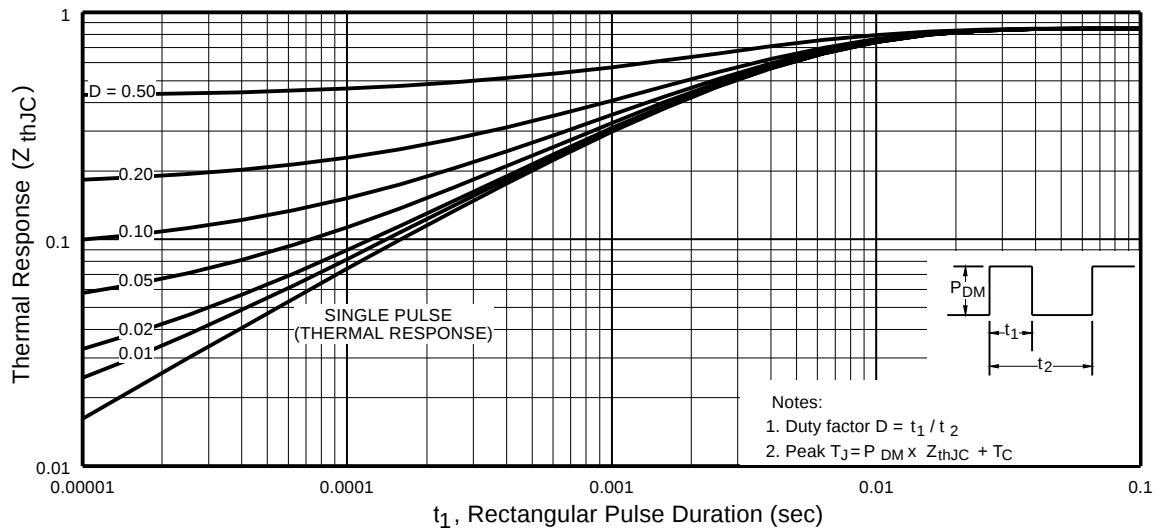


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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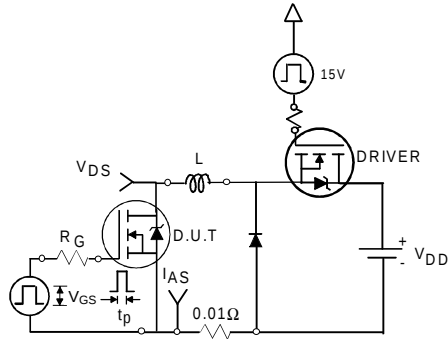


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

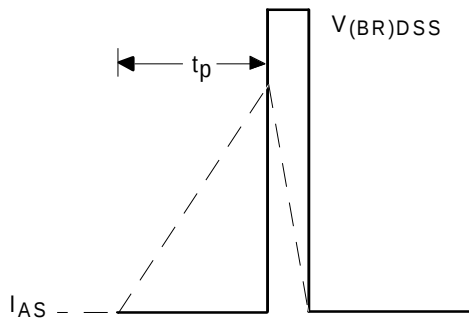


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

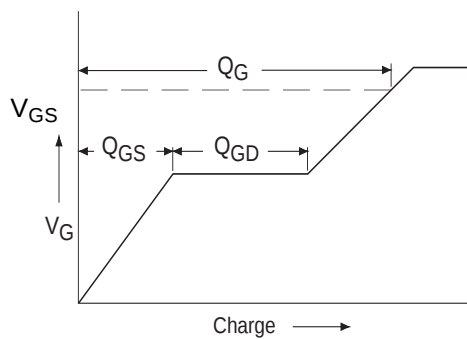


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

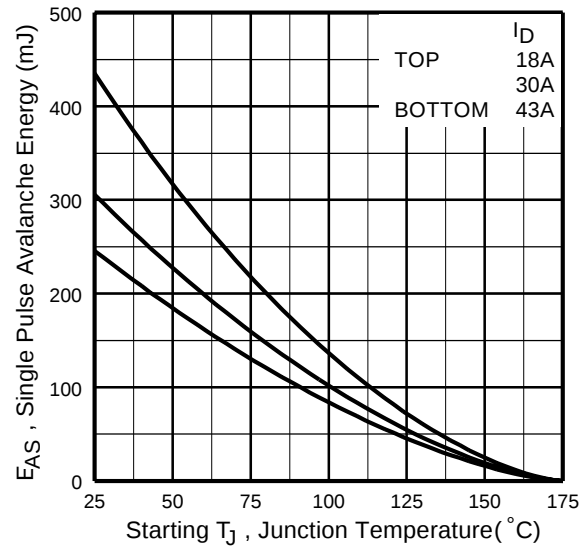


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

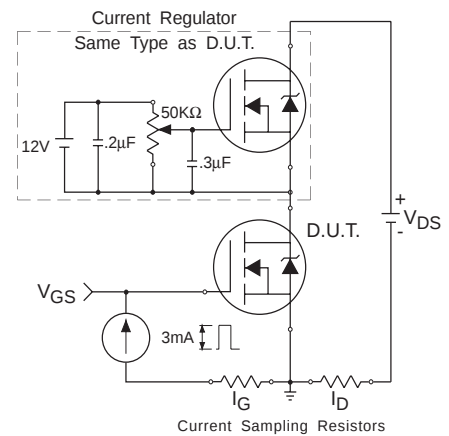
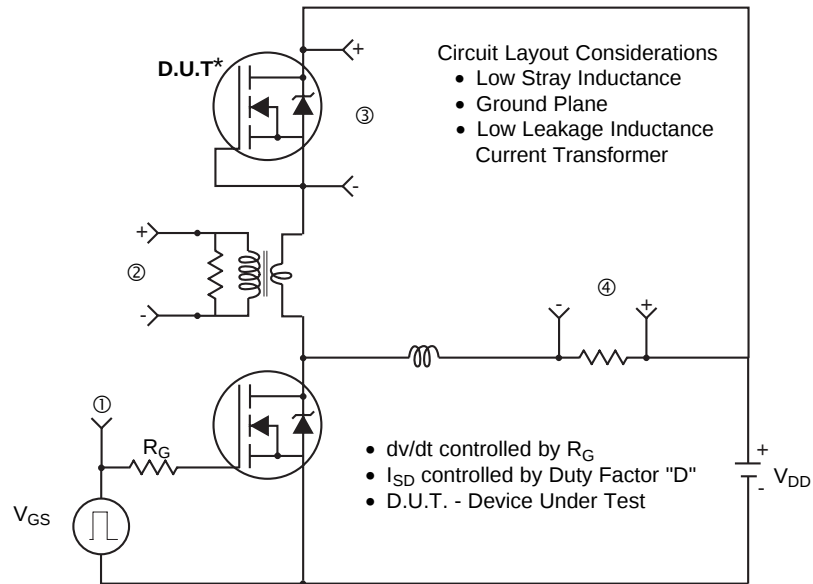
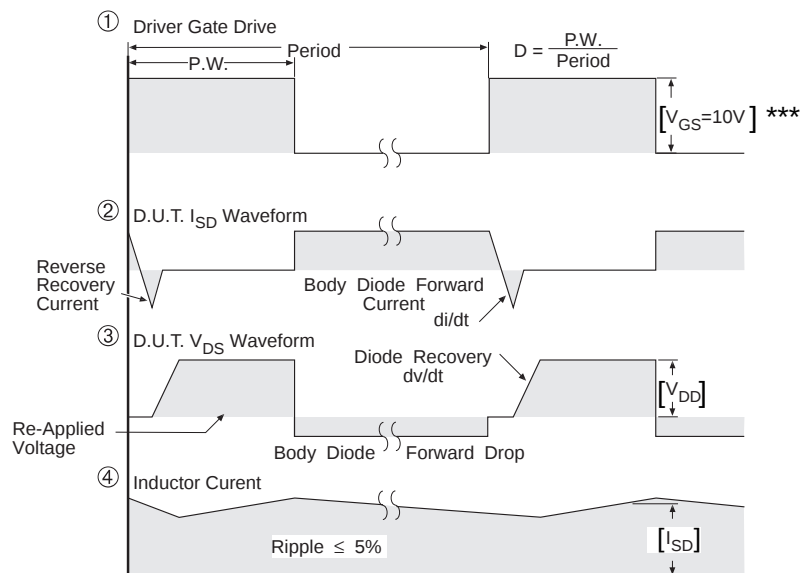


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit



* Reverse Polarity of D.U.T for P-Channel



*** $V_{GS} = 5.0V$ for Logic Level and 3V Drive Devices

Fig 14. For N-channel HEXFET® power MOSFETs

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)

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Note: For the most current drawings please refer to the IR website at:
<http://www.irf.com/package/>