

# IRFB3006PbF

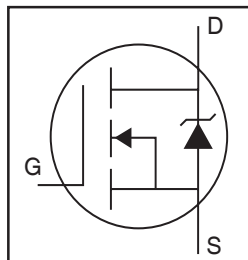
HEXFET® Power MOSFET

## Applications

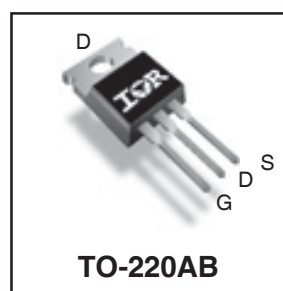
- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

## Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic  $dV/dt$  Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode  $dV/dt$  and  $dI/dt$  Capability
- Lead-Free



|                          |                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| $V_{DSS}$                | <b>60V</b>                     |
| $R_{DS(on)}$ <b>typ.</b> | <b>2.1m<math>\Omega</math></b> |
| <b>max.</b>              | <b>2.5m<math>\Omega</math></b> |
| $I_D$ (Silicon Limited)  | <b>270A</b> ①                  |
| $I_D$ (Package Limited)  | <b>195A</b>                    |



|          |          |          |
|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>G</b> | <b>D</b> | <b>S</b> |
| Gate     | Drain    | Source   |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol                            | Parameter                                                    | Max.             | Units               |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| $I_D$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS}$ @ 10V (Silicon Limited)   | 270①             | A                   |
| $I_D$ @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS}$ @ 10V (Silicon Limited)   | 190 ①            |                     |
| $I_D$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS}$ @ 10V (Wire Bond Limited) | 195              |                     |
| $I_{DM}$                          | Pulsed Drain Current ②                                       | 1080             |                     |
| $P_D$ @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Maximum Power Dissipation                                    | 375              | W                   |
|                                   | Linear Derating Factor                                       | 2.5              | W/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $V_{GS}$                          | Gate-to-Source Voltage                                       | $\pm 20$         | V                   |
| $dv/dt$                           | Peak Diode Recovery ④                                        | 10               | V/ns                |
| $T_J$                             | Operating Junction and                                       | -55 to + 175     | $^\circ\text{C}$    |
| $T_{STG}$                         | Storage Temperature Range                                    |                  |                     |
|                                   | Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds<br>(1.6mm from case)   | 300              |                     |
|                                   | Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw                            | 10lb·in (1.1N·m) |                     |

## Avalanche Characteristics

|                              |                                 |                            |    |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----|
| $E_{AS}$ (Thermally limited) | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③ | 320                        | mJ |
| $I_{AR}$                     | Avalanche Current ②             | See Fig. 14, 15, 22a, 22b, | A  |
| $E_{AR}$                     | Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤   |                            | mJ |

## Thermal Resistance

| Symbol          | Parameter                          | Typ. | Max. | Units              |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------|------|--------------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-Case ⑥                 | —    | 0.4  | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| $R_{\theta CS}$ | Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface | 0.50 | —    |                    |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-Ambient ⑧⑨             | —    | 62   |                    |

Static @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol                          | Parameter                            | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units               | Conditions                                           |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| $V_{(BR)DSS}$                   | Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage    | 60   | —    | —    | V                   | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$                        |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$ | Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient  | —    | 0.07 | —    | V/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D = 5mA$ ②      |
| $R_{DS(on)}$                    | Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance | —    | 2.1  | 2.5  | m $\Omega$          | $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 170A$ ⑤                         |
| $V_{GS(th)}$                    | Gate Threshold Voltage               | 2.0  | —    | 4.0  | V                   | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$                    |
| $I_{DSS}$                       | Drain-to-Source Leakage Current      | —    | —    | 20   | $\mu A$             | $V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V$                          |
|                                 |                                      | —    | —    | 250  |                     | $V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{GSS}$                       | Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage       | —    | —    | 100  | nA                  | $V_{GS} = 20V$                                       |
|                                 | Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage       | —    | —    | -100 |                     | $V_{GS} = -20V$                                      |
| $R_G$                           | Internal Gate Resistance             | —    | 2.0  | —    | $\Omega$            |                                                      |

Dynamic @  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  (unless otherwise specified)

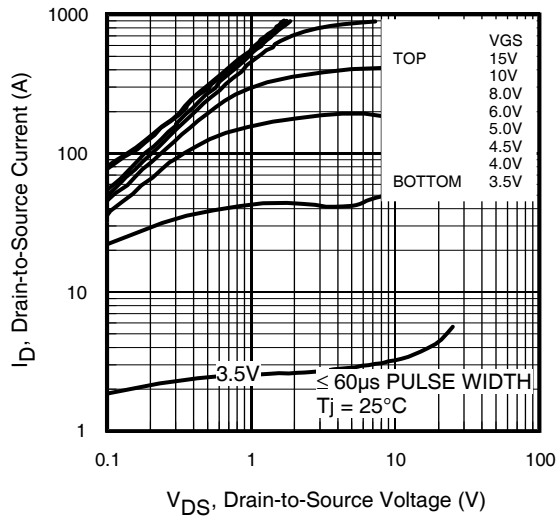
| Symbol                     | Parameter                                     | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions                                                |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| gfs                        | Forward Transconductance                      | 280  | —    | —    | S     | $V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 170A$                                |
| $Q_g$                      | Total Gate Charge                             | —    | 200  | 300  | nC    | $I_D = 170A$                                              |
| $Q_{gs}$                   | Gate-to-Source Charge                         | —    | 37   | —    |       | $V_{DS} = 30V$                                            |
| $Q_{gd}$                   | Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge               | —    | 60   | —    |       | $V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤                                          |
| $Q_{sync}$                 | Total Gate Charge Sync. ( $Q_g - Q_{gd}$ )    | —    | 140  | —    |       | $I_D = 170A, V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 10V$                   |
| $t_{d(on)}$                | Turn-On Delay Time                            | —    | 16   | —    | ns    | $V_{DD} = 39V$                                            |
| $t_r$                      | Rise Time                                     | —    | 182  | —    |       | $I_D = 170A$                                              |
| $t_{d(off)}$               | Turn-Off Delay Time                           | —    | 118  | —    |       | $R_G = 2.7\Omega$                                         |
| $t_f$                      | Fall Time                                     | —    | 189  | —    |       | $V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤                                          |
| $C_{iss}$                  | Input Capacitance                             | —    | 8970 | —    | pF    | $V_{GS} = 0V$                                             |
| $C_{oss}$                  | Output Capacitance                            | —    | 1020 | —    |       | $V_{DS} = 50V$                                            |
| $C_{rss}$                  | Reverse Transfer Capacitance                  | —    | 534  | —    |       | $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ , See Fig. 5                         |
| $C_{oss\text{ eff. (ER)}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) | —    | 1480 | —    |       | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 48V$ ⑦, See Fig. 11 |
| $C_{oss\text{ eff. (TR)}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)⑧  | —    | 1920 | —    |       | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 48V$ ⑧              |

## Diode Characteristics

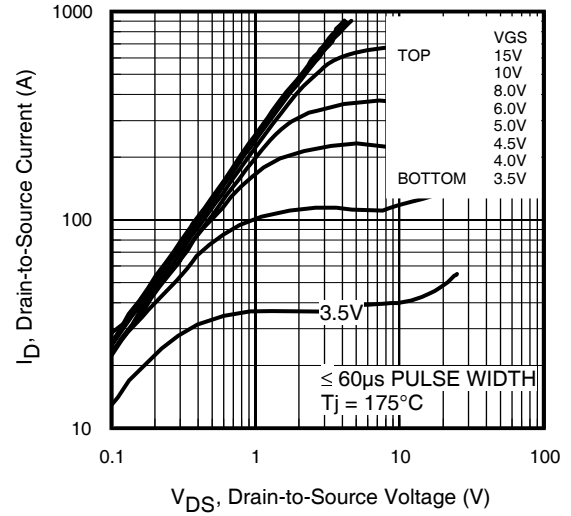
| Symbol    | Parameter                                 | Min.                                                                 | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions                                                              |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $I_S$     | Continuous Source Current<br>(Body Diode) | —                                                                    | —    | 270① | A     | MOSFET symbol<br>showing the<br>integral reverse<br>p-n junction diode. |
| $I_{SM}$  | Pulsed Source Current<br>(Body Diode) ②   | —                                                                    | —    | 1080 | A     |                                                                         |
| $V_{SD}$  | Diode Forward Voltage                     | —                                                                    | —    | 1.3  | V     | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 170A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑤                     |
| $t_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Time                     | —                                                                    | 44   | —    | ns    | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 51V$ ,                                  |
|           |                                           | —                                                                    | 48   | —    |       | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $I_F = 170A$                                  |
| $Q_{rr}$  | Reverse Recovery Charge                   | —                                                                    | 63   | —    | nC    | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ⑤                         |
|           |                                           | —                                                                    | 77   | —    |       | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$                                               |
| $I_{RRM}$ | Reverse Recovery Current                  | —                                                                    | 2.4  | —    | A     | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                |
| $t_{on}$  | Forward Turn-On Time                      | Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD) |      |      |       |                                                                         |

## Notes:

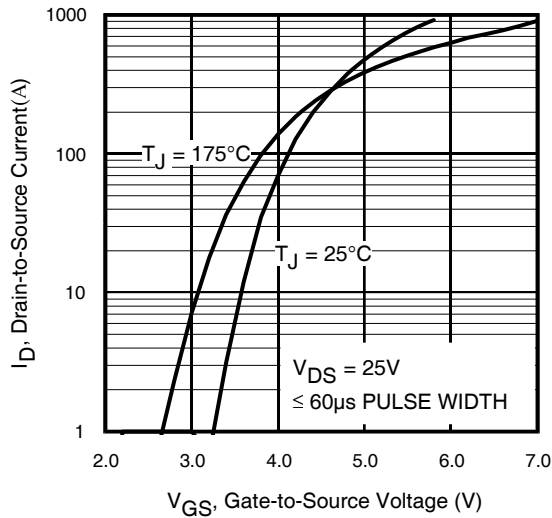
- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 195A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements. (Refer to AN-1140)
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 0.022mH$   
 $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 170A$ ,  $V_{GS} = 10V$ . Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ④  $I_{SD} \leq 170A$ ,  $di/dt \leq 1360A/\mu s$ ,  $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$ ,  $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ⑤ Pulse width  $\leq 400\mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ⑥  $C_{oss\text{ eff. (TR)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑦  $C_{oss\text{ eff. (ER)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
- ⑨  $R_\theta$  is measured at  $T_J$  approximately  $90^\circ\text{C}$ .



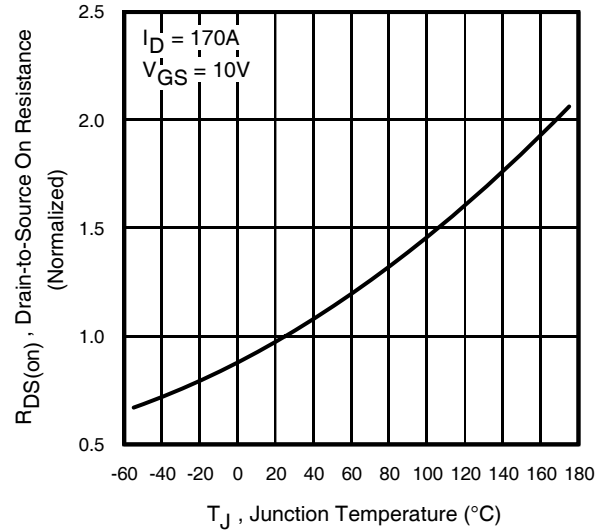
**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics



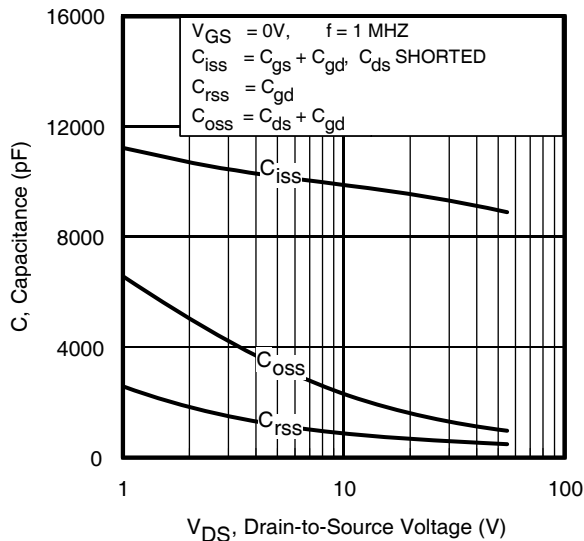
**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics



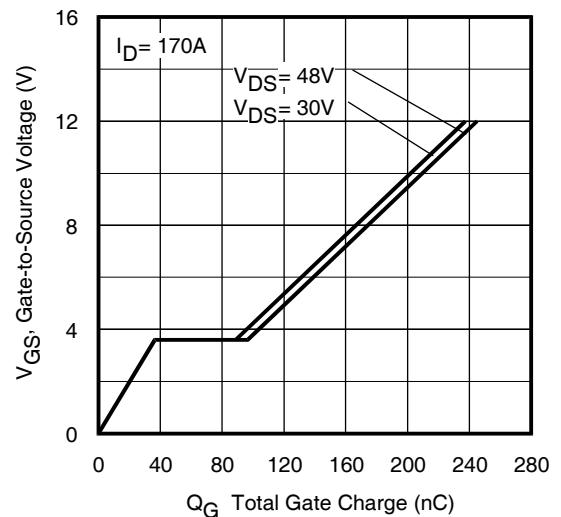
**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 6.** Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

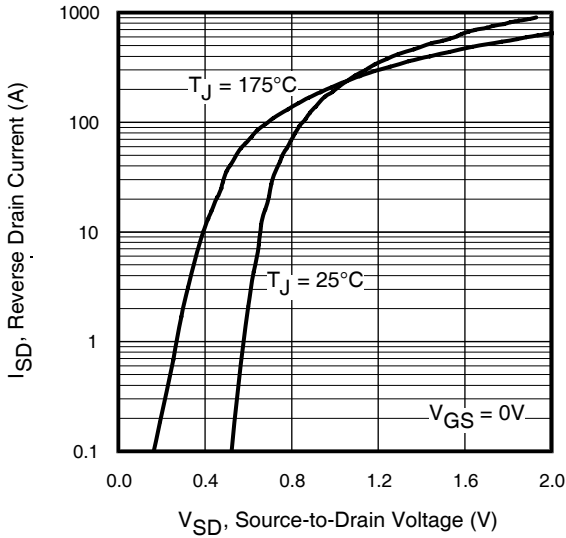


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

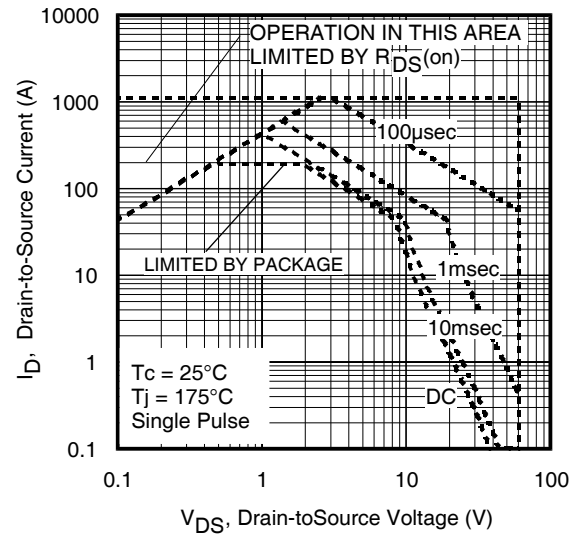


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

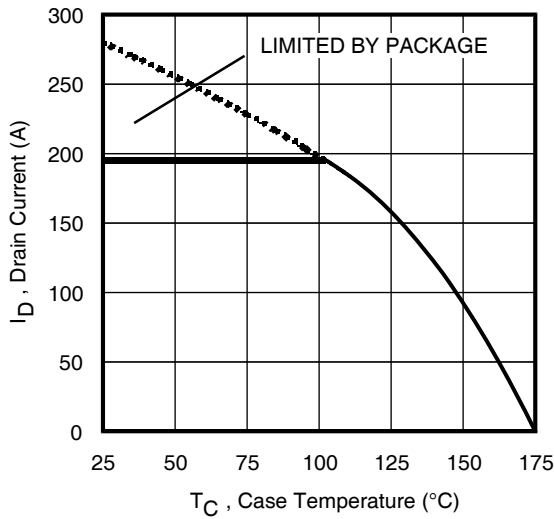


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

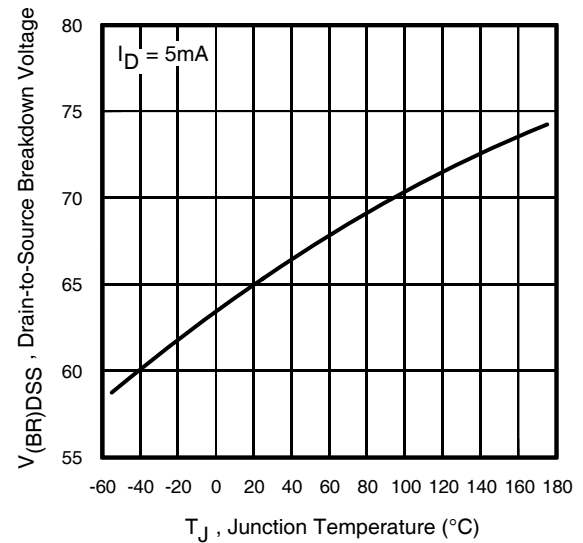


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

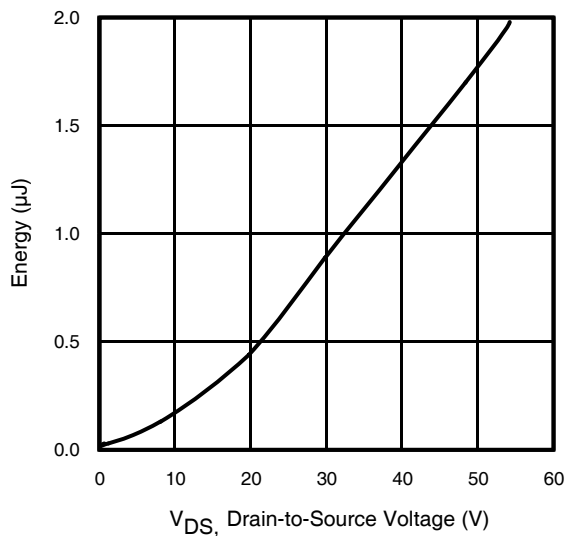


Fig 11. Typical  $C_{OSS}$  Stored Energy

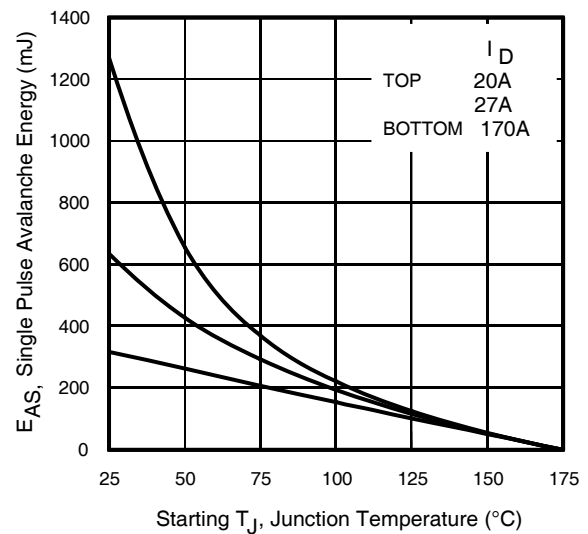


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current  
www.irf.com

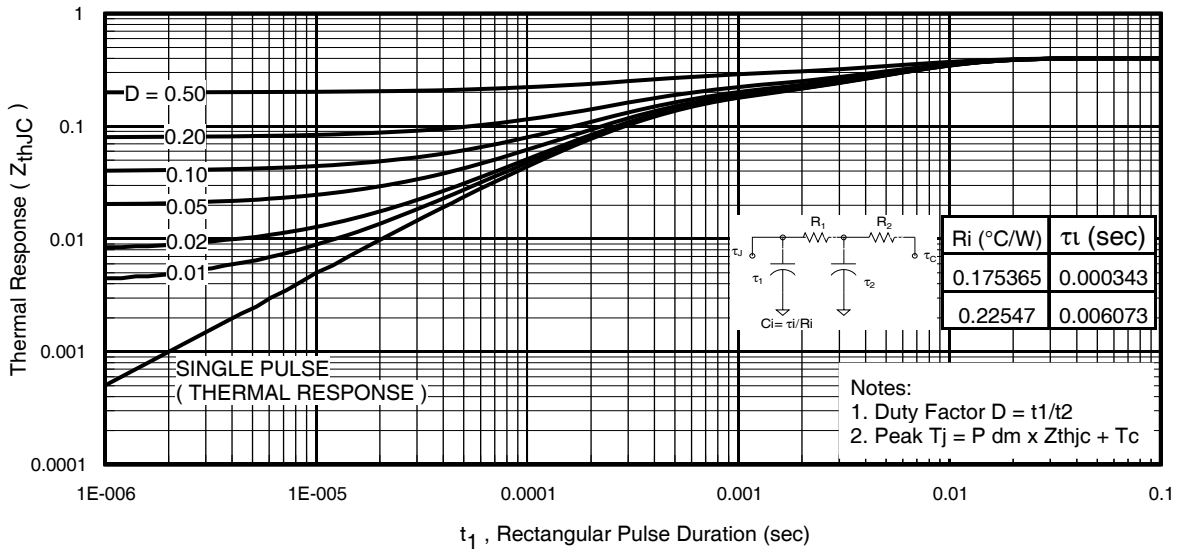


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

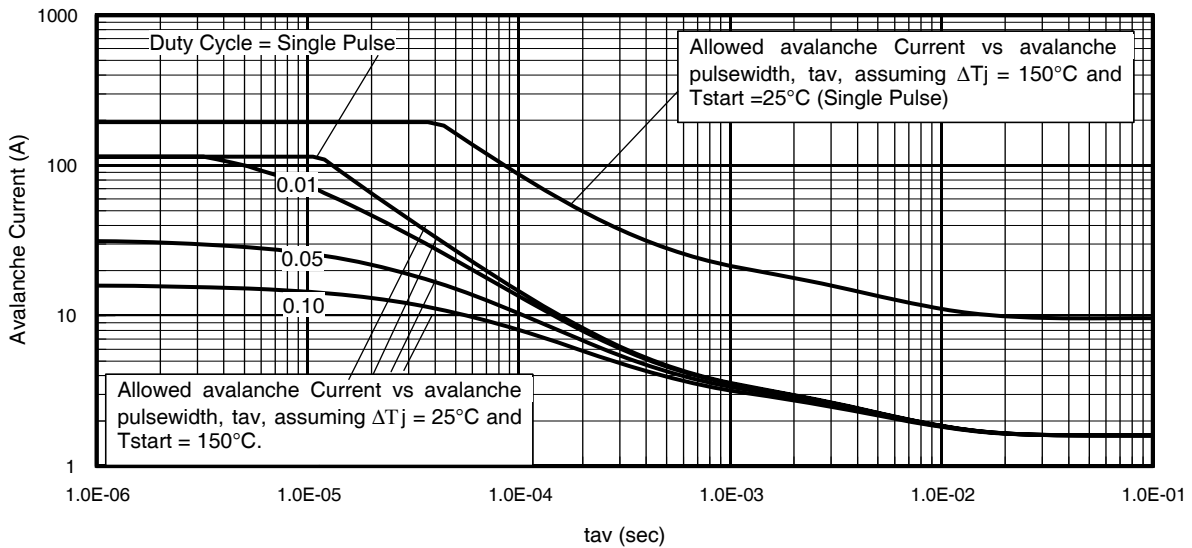
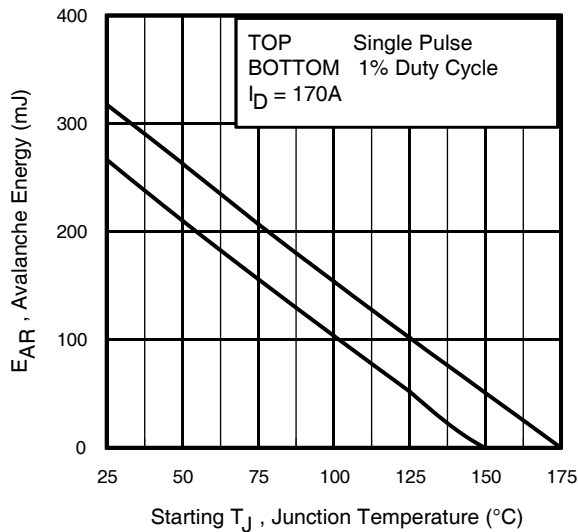


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth



Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves, Figures 14, 15:  
(For further info, see AN-1005 at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com))

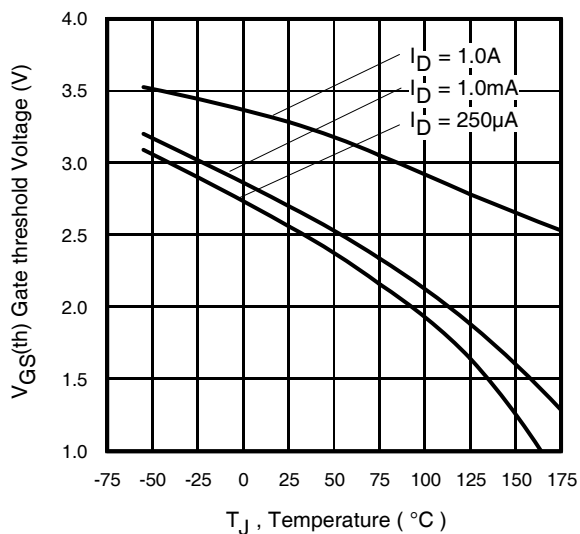
1. Avalanche failures assumption:  
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as  $T_{jmax}$  is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
4.  $P_D$  (ave) = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6.  $I_{av}$  = Allowable avalanche current.
7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$  in Figure 14, 15).  
 $t_{av}$  = Average time in avalanche.  
 $D$  = Duty cycle in avalanche =  $t_{av} \cdot f$   
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_D \text{ (ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

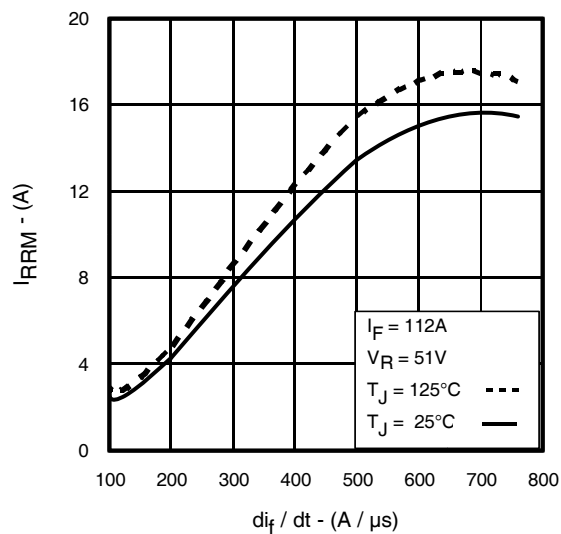
$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS} \text{ (AR)} = P_D \text{ (ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

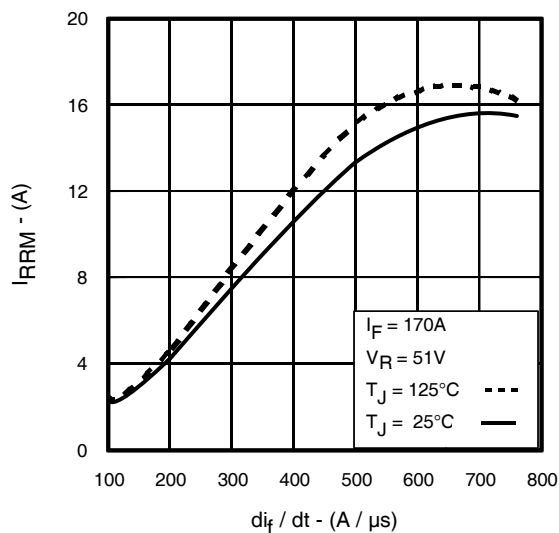
Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature



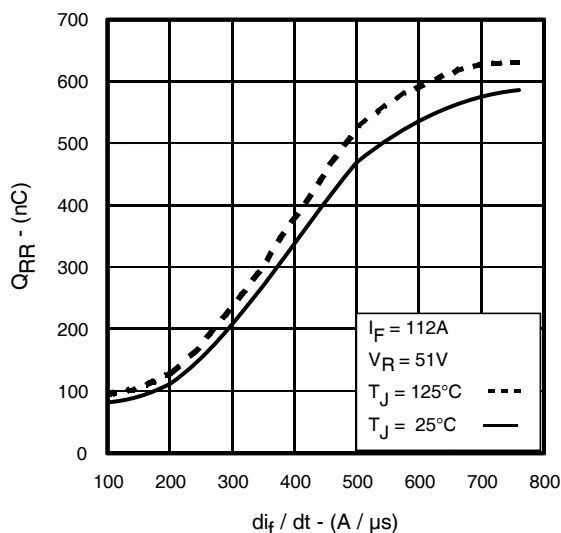
**Fig. 16.** Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature



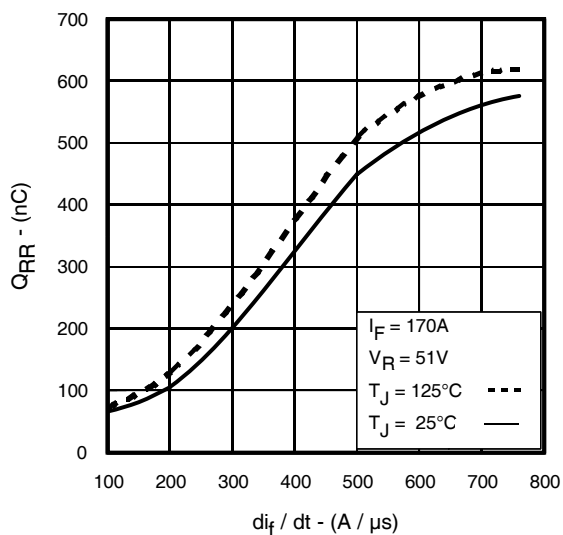
**Fig. 17 -** Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$



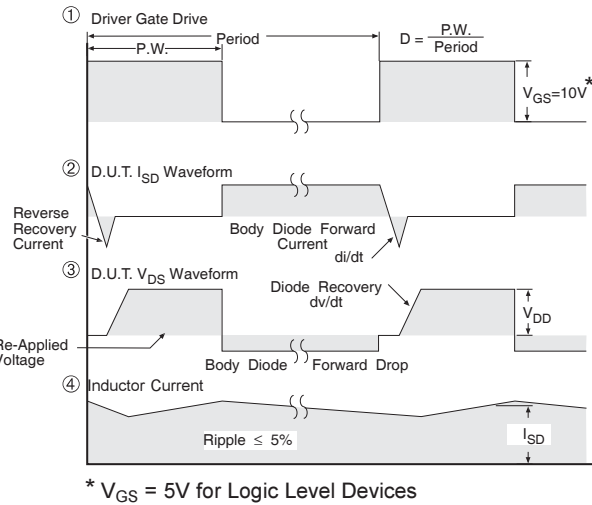
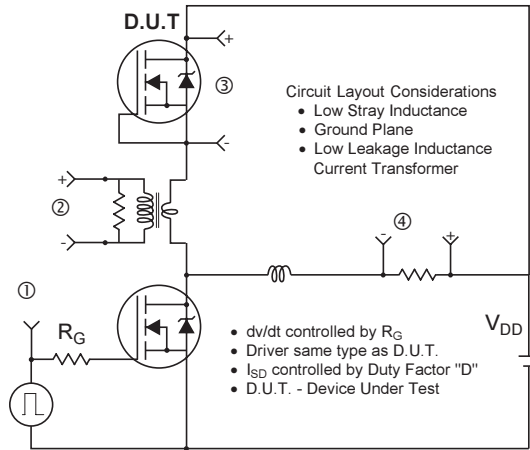
**Fig. 18 -** Typical Recovery Current vs.  $di_f/dt$



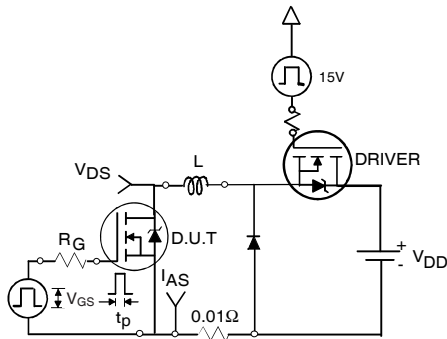
**Fig. 19 -** Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$



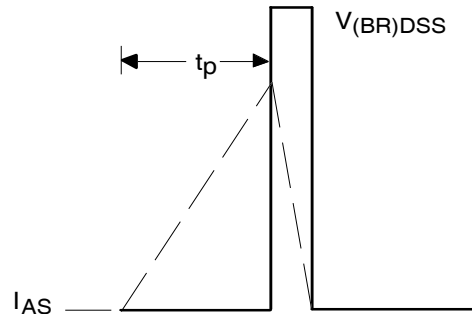
**Fig. 20 -** Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_f/dt$



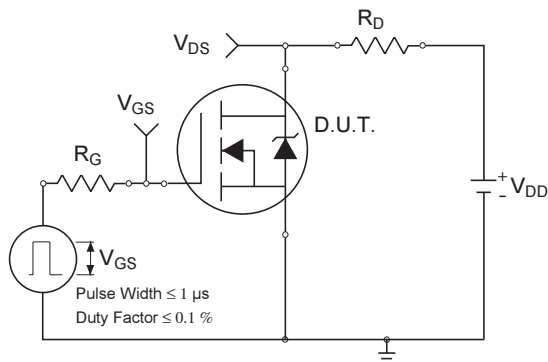
**Fig 21. Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs**



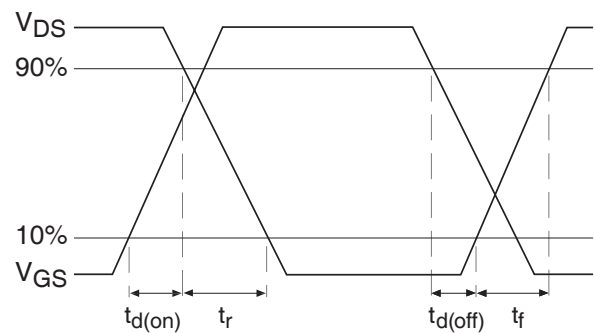
**Fig 22a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit**



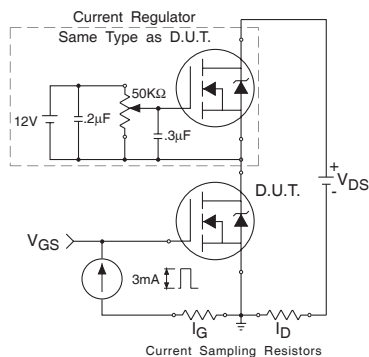
**Fig 22b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms**



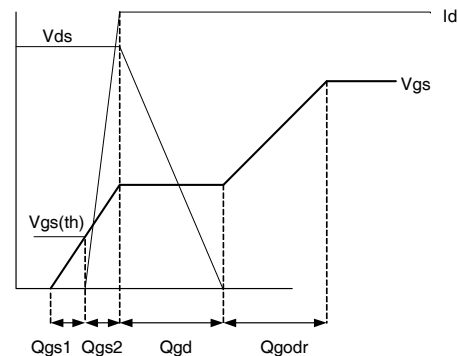
**Fig 23a. Switching Time Test Circuit**



**Fig 23b. Switching Time Waveforms**



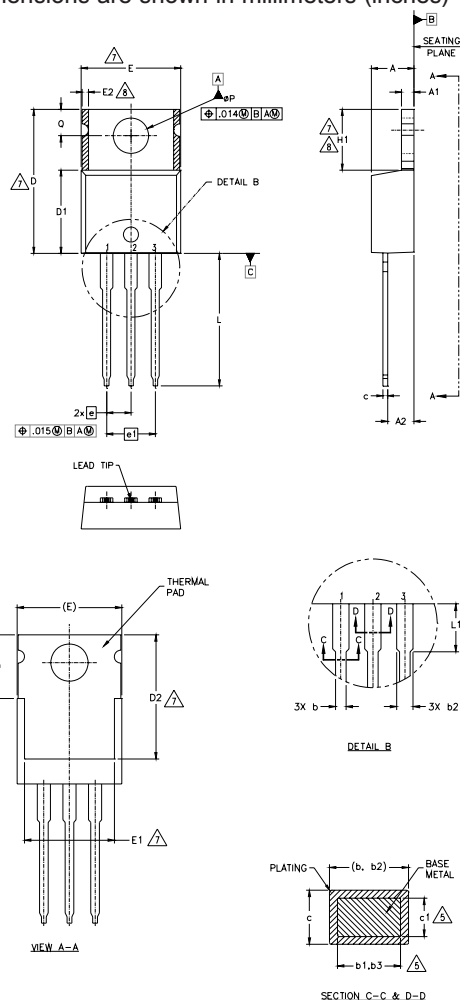
**Fig 24a. Gate Charge Test Circuit**



**Fig 24b. Gate Charge Waveform**

## TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



### NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
- 8.- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULARITY IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

| SYMBOL | DIMENSIONS  |       |          |      | NOTES |
|--------|-------------|-------|----------|------|-------|
|        | MILLIMETERS |       | INCHES   |      |       |
|        | MIN.        | MAX.  | MIN.     | MAX. |       |
| A      | 3.56        | 4.83  | .140     | .190 |       |
| A1     | 0.51        | 1.40  | .020     | .055 |       |
| A2     | 2.03        | 2.92  | .080     | .115 |       |
| b      | 0.38        | 1.01  | .015     | .040 |       |
| b1     | 0.38        | 0.97  | .015     | .038 | 5     |
| b2     | 1.14        | 1.78  | .045     | .070 |       |
| b3     | 1.14        | 1.73  | .045     | .068 | 5     |
| c      | 0.36        | 0.61  | .014     | .024 |       |
| c1     | 0.36        | 0.56  | .014     | .022 | 5     |
| D      | 14.22       | 16.51 | .560     | .650 | 4     |
| D1     | 8.38        | 9.02  | .330     | .355 |       |
| D2     | 11.68       | 12.88 | .460     | .507 | 7     |
| E      | 9.65        | 10.67 | .380     | .420 | 4,7   |
| E1     | 6.86        | 8.89  | .270     | .350 | 7     |
| E2     | —           | 0.76  | —        | .030 | 8     |
| e      | 2.54 BSC    |       | .100 BSC |      |       |
| e1     | 5.08 BSC    |       | .200 BSC |      |       |
| H1     | 5.84        | 6.86  | .230     | .270 | 7,8   |
| L      | 12.70       | 14.73 | .500     | .580 |       |
| L1     | 3.56        | 4.06  | .140     | .160 | 3     |
| øP     | 3.54        | 4.08  | .139     | .161 |       |
| Q      | 2.54        | 3.42  | .100     | .135 |       |

### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

#### HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

#### IGBTs, CoPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER

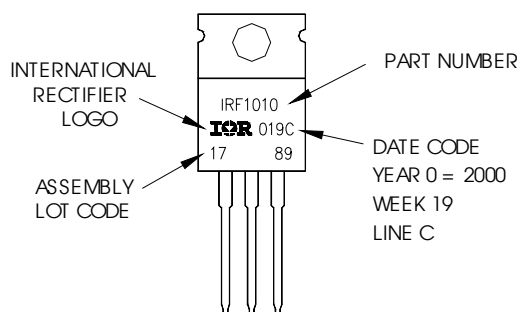
#### DIODES

- 1.- ANODE
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

## TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010  
LOT CODE 1789  
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000  
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position  
indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

**Note:** For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.  
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.  
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International  
**IR** Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105

TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

Visit us at [www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com) for sales contact information. 10/08

[www.irf.com](http://www.irf.com)